$\qquad$

## 3.1 \& 3.3 Assignment <br> Math 8

1. Find the area of a square with each side length. Remember to include units. (2 marks)
a) $17 \mathrm{~cm}=$ $\qquad$
b) $11 \mathrm{ft}=$ $\qquad$
2. Show that 16 is a square number. Use a factor tree and diagram. (2 marks)
3. Circle the numbers that are perfect squares? (2 marks)

$$
10,16,25,32,36,50,81,94
$$

Why are these numbers considered perfect squares? Explain:
4. 30 is not a square number. Which two consecutive square numbers is it between? (1 mark)
$\qquad$ and $\qquad$
5. Simplify. (4 marks)
a) $5^{2}=$ $\qquad$ b) $\sqrt{196}=$
c ) $8^{2}=$
d) $\sqrt{225}=$ $\qquad$
6. A square patio has area $225 \mathrm{~m}^{2}$.
a) Find the dimensions of the patio. (1 mark)
b) The owner wants to put lights around the perimeter of the patio. How many metres of lighting is needed? (1 mark)
c) If each string of lights is 25 m long? How many strings of lights are needed? (1 mark)
7. The area $A$ of a square is given. Find its side length. (2 marks)
a) $A=169 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$
b) $A=441 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$

Side Length: $\qquad$ Side Length: $\qquad$
8. Using the value below, state which two consecutive numbers the square root is between and estimate the value of the square root to one decimal place using the number line. (2 marks)
a) $\sqrt{110}$

