## Calculating Mechanical Advantage, Speed Ratio, Work, and Efficiency

Answer each of the questions below on a separate piece of paper and show all of your work. Remember to label each measurement (N for Newtons, J for Joules, etc.). Round all decimal numbers to the nearest tenth if necessary.

1. When riding a bicycle the rider puts 580 N of force on the pedals. The gears on the bicycle record a force of 64 N . What is the mechanical advantage of the bicycle?

| Formula | Substitute | Answer (with units when <br> appropriate) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |

2. The input force for a pulley system is 48 N . The output force is 320 N . Calculate the mechanical advantage.

| Formula | Substitute | Answer (with units when <br> appropriate) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |

3. A winch moves an anchor 32 meters when its chain is pulled 128 meters. Calculate the speed ratio.

| Formula | Substitute | Answer (with units when <br> appropriate) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |

4. A pulley system allows a load of 750 N to be lifted by a 50 N input force. What is the mechanical advantage of the pulley system?

| Formula | Substitute | Answer (with units when <br> appropriate) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |

5. Calculate the mechanical advantage, speed ratio, and efficiency for each set of measurements:

5a) Input force $=\mathbf{1 2 . 6} \mathbf{N} \quad$ Output Force $=\mathbf{2 4 N} \quad$ Input Distance $=\mathbf{3 m} \quad$ Output Distance $=1 \mathrm{~m}$

| Mechanical Advantage Formula | Substitute | Answer (with units when <br> appropriate) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Speed Ratio Formula | Substitute | Answer (with units when <br> appropriate) |
| Efficiency Formula | Substitute | Answer (with units when <br> appropriate) |

5b) Input Force $=40 \mathrm{~N} \quad$ Output Force $=14 \mathrm{~N} \quad$ Input Distance $=\mathbf{0 . 8 m} \quad$ Output Distance $=1.6 \mathrm{~m}$

| Mechanical Advantage Formula | Substitute | Answer (with units when <br> appropriate) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Speed Ratio Formula | Substitute | Answer (with units when <br> appropriate) |
| Efficiency Formula | Substitute | Answer (with units when <br> appropriate) |

5c) Input Force $=4.5 \mathrm{~N} \quad$ Output Force $=16 \mathrm{~N} \quad$ Input Distance $=15 \mathrm{~m} \quad$ Output Distance $=\mathbf{3 m}$

| Mechanical Advantage Formula | Substitute | Answer (with units when <br> appropriate) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Speed Ratio Formula | Substitute | Answer (with units when <br> appropriate) |
| Efficiency Formula | Substitute | Answer (with units when <br> appropriate) |

5d) Input Force $=\mathbf{3 0 N} \quad$ Output Force $=\mathbf{6 N} \quad$ Input Distance $=\mathbf{6 m} \quad$ output distance $=\mathbf{2 m}$

| Mechanical Advantage Formula | Substitute | Answer (with units when <br> appropriate) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Speed Ratio Formula | Substitute | Answer (with units when <br> appropriate) |
| Efficiency Formula | Substitute | Answer (with units when <br> appropriate) |

6. Which machine in question 5 was the most efficient? What does this mean in terms energy input and energy output of the machine?
7. A mechanical lift moves a wheelchair 6 m . The force exerted by the person and the wheelchair is 320 N . Calculate the work done by the lift.

| Formula | Substitute | Answer (with units when <br> appropriate) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |

8. A 54 N trunk is lifted 8 m . Calculate the work performed.

| Formula | Substitute | Answer (with units when <br> appropriate) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |

9. Calculate the work done when a 750 N table is pushed 1.2 m .

| Formula | Substitute | Answer (with units when <br> appropriate) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |

10. What is the work done by a 6 N skateboard boarding down a ramp of 286 m ?

| Formula | Substitute | Answer (with units when <br> appropriate) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |

11. A student does 440 J of work to move a box 17 m . What force is required to move the box?

| Formula | Substitute | Answer (with units when <br> appropriate) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |

